

Practice 5-1

Modeling Data with Quadratic Functions

Find a quadratic model for each set of values.

1. $(-1, 1), (1, 1), (3, 9)$

2. $(-4, 8), (-1, 5), (1, 13)$

3. $(-1, 10), (2, 4), (3, -6)$

4.

x	-1	0	2
$f(x)$	1	-1	7

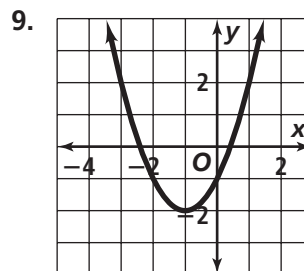
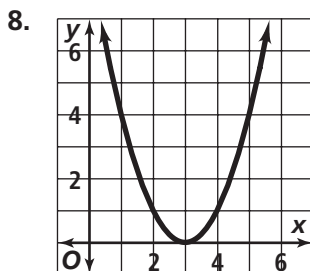
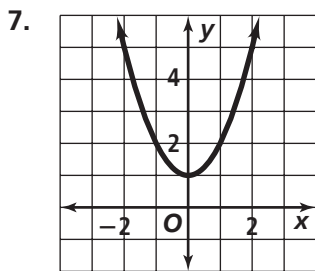
5.

x	-4	0	1
$f(x)$	1	9	16

6.

x	-1	2	3
$f(x)$	12	3	4

Identify the vertex and the axis of symmetry of each parabola.



Determine whether each function is linear or quadratic. Identify the quadratic, linear, and constant terms.

10. $y = (x - 2)(x + 4)$

11. $y = 3x(x + 5)$

12. $y = 5x(x - 5) - 5x^2$

13. $f(x) = 7(x - 2) + 5(3x)$

14. $f(x) = 3x^2 - (4x - 8)$

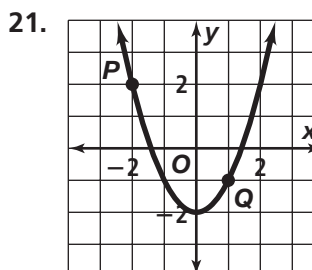
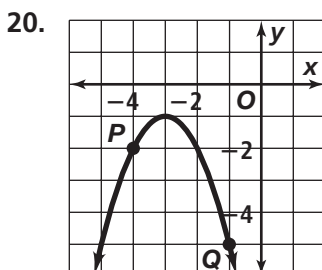
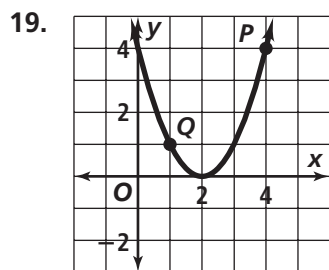
15. $y = 3x(x - 1) - (3x + 7)$

16. $y = 3x^2 - 12$

17. $f(x) = (2x - 3)(x + 2)$

18. $y = 3x - 5$

For each parabola, identify points corresponding to P and Q .



22. A toy rocket is shot upward from ground level. The table shows the height of the rocket at different times.

Time (seconds)	0	1	2	3	4
Height (feet)	0	256	480	672	832

a. Find a quadratic model for this data.

b. Use the model to estimate the height of the rocket after 1.5 seconds.